



POWER-ALL

Energía Segura, Protección Continua

MG15+

650 y 1000 VA

Sistema de Fuerza Ininterrumpible

CARACTERÍSTICAS

- ⦿ UPS Línea interactiva
- ⦿ Controlado por microprocesador
- ⦿ Puerto de comunicación
- ⦿ Encendido desde la batería
- ⦿ Rápido arranque
- ⦿ Display LED
- ⦿ Auto detección de frecuencia
- ⦿ Auto - diagnóstico
- ⦿ Alarma audible con silenciador manual
- ⦿ Amplio rango de entrada con salida regulada (AVR)



SISTEMA INTERACTIVO

Especificaciones técnicas

Modelo	PA MG15+ 650		PA MG15+ 1000
Entrada	Voltaje	110/ 120 VCA	
	Rango de voltaje	88/ 146	
	Frecuencia	60 Hz \pm 5%	
Salida	Voltaje	120 VCA +6%-10%	
	Frecuencia	60 Hz \pm 0.5%	
	Tiempo de transferencia	Máximo 4ms (Típico)	
Contactos	Tipo/Cantidad	4 NEMA (3 respaldo, 1 sobretensiones)	8 NEMA (6 respaldo, 2 sobretensiones)
Max. Capacidad	(VA/W)	650VA/ 325W	1000VA/ 600W
	Tipo	12V/ 9Ah *1pz	12V/ 7Ah *2pcs
Batería	Respaldo 100%/50%	8/22min. típico	
	Tiempo de recarga	4 Horas (a 90% de capacidad máxima)	
	Protección	Auto-diagnóstico con equipo encendido	
Protección	Protección de picos	40 joules, sobre 2ms(120VAC)	
	Unidad de entrada	Protección térmica de sobrecarga y corto circuito	
	Función del switch	Switch automático para la unidad de poder y la batería	
	Sobrecarga	Apagado automático con carga mayor a 110% del nominal en 60seg. y 130% en 5seg.	
	Corto circuito	Corte de salida inmediato y entrada protegida	
Equipamiento	Módem/Red	RJ 11	RJ45
	Interfase	Puerto USB + Cable + CD	
	Modo verde (ecológico)	El inversor se detiene automáticamente sin carga	
Alarma	Respaldo de batería	Sonido lento (cada 4 seg.)	
	Batería baja	Sonido rápido (cada 1 seg.)	
	Sobrecarga	Sonido continuo	
Ambiente	Altitud	<5000 Metros	
	Temperatura Operación	0°C ~ 50°C	
	Humedad	0% ~ 90% (No Condensado)	
	Ruido audible	<40dB (1 Metro de la superficie)	
	Altura de operación	3000 mts.	
Aprobaciones	Supresor de Ruido	MEETS CE (EN 50091) AND FCC CLASE B, NOM, NYCE	
	Supresor de Corriente	Cumple con IEEE 587, ISO 9001:2000	
Accesorios	Incluidos	Software**, Cable de Entrada y Manual de Operación	
Dimensiones (cm)	Alto x Ancho x Profundo	14.2 x 10 x 28.5	16 x 14.6 x 35
Peso	Peso (Kg.)	4.25	8

*Especificaciones sujetas a cambios sin previo aviso



NOM



ISO
CERTIFIED
SYSTEM





POWER-ALL

Energía Segura, Protección Continua

KR19 + 1, 2 y 3 kVA

Sistema de Fuerza Ininterrumpible

CARACTERÍSTICAS

- » UPS Monofásico, versátil y ligero
- » Gabinete para piso facilita su instalación y servicio vs Rack Mount
- » 100% auto-recuperable después de descarga total de baterías
- » Mayor Eficiencia operativa y menor peso y tamaño
- » Tarjeta SNMP y relay de alarma opcional
- » Simplicidad de componentes
- » Factor de Potencia a la salida de 0.8
- » Puerto RS 232
- » Ajustes desde panel frontal
 - Selección de voltaje
 - Selección de frecuencia
 - Ajuste de voltaje
 - Ajuste de voltaje bypass
 - Eco mode
 - Ajuste de tiempo de respaldo
 - Ajuste de voltaje de baterías



Utiliza IGBT's y diodos de alta velocidad, tanto en inversor y rectificador, lo cual significa bajo THD de entrada y FP superior a 0.9

Especificaciones Técnicas

Modelo	KR19-1000	KR19-2000	KR19-3000	
Capacidad (VA/W)	1000 VA/800W	2000 VA/1600W	3000 VA/2400W	
Entrada				
Rango de voltaje (VAC)	Transferencia de línea baja	50 a 80 VAC \pm 5% (Basado en el porcentaje de carga del 60 a 100%)		
	Regreso de línea baja	54 a 84 VAC \pm 5% (Basado en el porcentaje de carga del 60 a 100%)		
	Transferencia de Línea Alta	150 VAC \pm 5%		
	Regreso de Línea Alta	145 VAC \pm 5%		
Frecuencia (Hz)	40 ~ 70 Hz (detección automática)			
Fases	Monofásico con toma de tierra			
Factor de Potencia	\geq 0.98		\geq 0.99	
Salida				
Voltaje (VAC)	110/115/120/127 VAC (configurable)			
Regulación de Voltaje CA	\pm 1%		\pm 3% (modo batería)	
Rango de frecuencia (sincronizado)	57 ~ 63 Hz			
Rango de frecuencia (modo bat.)	60Hz \pm 0.3Hz			
Relación de cresta de la corriente	3:1			
Distorsión Armónica	\leq 3% THD (carga lineal)	\leq 4% THD (carga lineal)		
	\leq 6% THD (carga no lineal)	\leq 7% THD (carga no lineal)		
Tiempo de transferencia	CA a Batería	0ms		
	Inversor a Bypass	4ms (típico)		
Forma de onda (modo bat.)	Senoidal Pura			
Eficiencia Modo CA		88% a 90% Típico		
Batería	Tipo	12V / 7Ah o 12 V / 9Ah 2pzas	12V / 7Ah o 12 V / 9Ah 4pzas	12 V / 9Ah 6pzas
	Corriente de carga	1.0 A (max)		
	Tiempo respaldo	5 minutos		
	Tensión de carga	27.4 VCD \pm 1%	54.7 VCD \pm 1%	82.1 VCD \pm 1%
Otras características				
Dimensiones cm (A x F x P)	40 x 14.6 x 20.5	39.7 x 14.5 x 22	42.1 x 19 x 31.8	
Peso kg	9.3	17.2	28	
Humedad en operación	20-90% RH @ 0-40°C sin condensación			
Nivel de ruido (dB)	Menos de 45dBA a 1 metro			
Puerto Inteligente RS-232/tarjeta	Soporta Windows® 2000/2003/XP/Vista/2008/ 7, Linux, Unix y Mac			
Ranura inteligente	Administración de energía de un gestor SNMP y navegador web			

*Especificaciones sujetas a cambios sin previo aviso



PA-FRUK +

6 y 10 kVA

Sistema de Fuerza Ininterrumpible

CARACTERÍSTICAS

- » UPS Bifásico sin transformador, versátil y ligero
- » Gabinete para piso facilita su instalación y servicio y configuración Rack Mount
- » Versatilidad para operar por su voltaje y ángulo de salida configurable
- » 100% auto-recuperable después de descarga total de baterías
- » Alta disponibilidad por su bypass de mantenimiento incluido
- » Baterías configurables y tiempos extendidos hasta 8 horas
- » Bypass de mantenimiento estándar en todos los modelos
- » Mayor Eficiencia operativa y menor peso y tamaño
- » Tarjeta SNMP y relay de alarma opcional
- » Simplicidad de componentes
- » Puerto RS 232



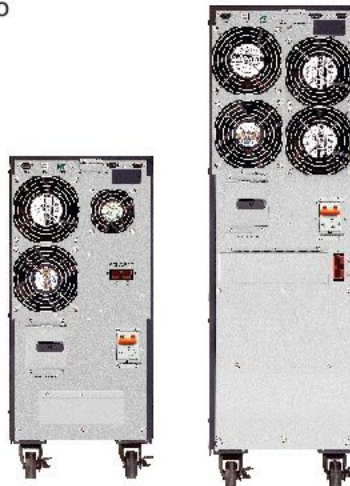
Utiliza IGBT's y diodos de alta velocidad, en inversor y rectificador, lo cual significa bajo THD de entrada y FP superior a 0.9 además de interruptor de giro para bypass de mantenimiento las baterías internas pueden configurarse a diversos tiempos de respaldo con cargador de mayor capacidad para tiempos prolongados o baterías industriales.



Especificaciones Técnicas

Modelo	FRUK + 6000	FRUK + 10000
Capacidad (VA/W)	6000 VA/4800W	10000 VA/8000W
Entrada		
Rango de voltaje (VAC)	80 a 140 VAC a 100% de carga, 60 a 150 VAC a 50% carga	
Frecuencia (Hz)	60 o 50 Hz +/- 5Hz	
Conexión	Hardwired	
Fases	Bifásico 220 VCA, 2F+N+TF, 4Hilos	
FP	0.99 a 100% de carga	
Voltaje de batería	120 VCD (dos strings)	
Salida		
Voltaje (VAC)	120/208, 127/220, 115/230, 120/240 +/- 1% configurable	
Frecuencia (Hz)	60 +/- 0.1 %	
Conexión	Hardwired	
Forma de onda	Senoidal, THD <3%	
Tiempo de transferencia	0ms	
FP / Cresta / THD	0.8 a la salida / 3:1 / THDV 2 a 5%	
Eficiencia	90% típica	
Sobrecarga	Operación normal o bat: carga hasta <110% 10 min, >130% durante 1 seg	
Bypass	Automático y manual incluido en el equipo	
Otras características		
Tiempo de respaldo	5-7 minutos a plena carga (2 strings en paralelo)	
Comunicación 232 smart / USB	Soporta Windows® 2000/2003/XP/Vista/2008, Windows® 7, Linux, Unix, y MAC	
SNMP RJ45	Opcional , cuenta con slot para tarjeta Power Management y Web Browser	
Alarma	Sobrecarga de salida, bajo voltaje en la batería, entrada fuera de rango, operación anormal, falla de UPS	
Panel de señalización	LCD para monitoreo del estado del UPS	
Nivel de ruido (dB)	<55 dB a @ 1m	
Protección	Protección de bajo voltaje de la batería, protección de sobrecarga, protección de corto circuito, protección de exceso de temperatura	
Temperatura de operación	0-40°C	
Altura de operación	3000 mts	
Humedad relativa	0-95% sin condensación	
Dimensiones cm (A x F x P)	57.6 x 25 x 60	82.6 x 25 x 60
Peso	86 kg	109kg
Normas ISO 90001:2000 NOM	MEET CE (EN 50091), FCC CLASS B MEET IEEE587	

*Especificaciones sujetas a cambios sin previo aviso





POWER-ALL

Energía Segura, Protección Continua

DSPP

10 a 40 kVA

Sistema de Fuerza Ininterrumpible

CARACTERÍSTICAS

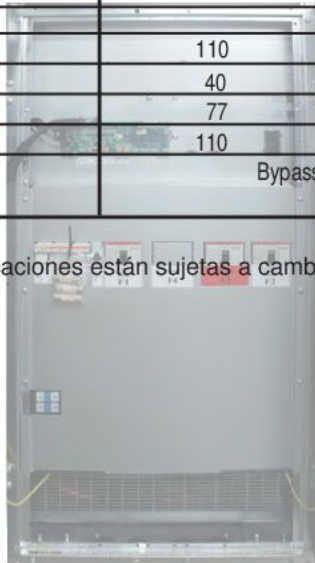
- » Tecnología True On-Line Doble Conversión.
- » Control DSP para IGBT rectificador e inversor del UPS.
- » Sistemas modulares paralelos hasta 4 equipos por capacidad o redundancia.
- » Rectificador PFC en base a IGBT (FP > 0,99).
- » Procesador real de señal digital (DSP).
- » Bajo nivel de distorsión armónica total (THDi <= 4%).
- » Sistema de gestión inteligente de la batería aumenta la duración de las baterías.
- » Amplia gama de voltaje de entrada.
- » Funcionamiento compatible con generador.
- » By-Pass interno estático automático y de servicio manual.
- » Opción de Transformador de aislamiento galvánico.
- » Bancos de baterías expandibles.
- » Bajo costo de mantenimiento.
- » SNMP, 2 relay de salida y RS 485 estándar en todos los equipos.
- » Alta eficiencia (hasta el 94%).
- » Diseño sin transformador.



Especificaciones técnicas

CAPACIDAD	10kVA	15kVA	20kVA	30kVA	40kVA
ENTRADA					
Voltaje	3 fases 120/208 o 127/ 220VAC 60 Hz (380/400/440 y 480 opcional)				
Ventana de voltaje	+ 20% - 20%				
Frecuencia	60 +/- 5 Hz				
Sincronización	12 seg				
Protección	Interruptor térmico				
Factor de potencia	0.99				
THDI	4 - 7%				
SALIDA					
Voltaje	3 fases 120/208VCA +/-1% (380/400/440 y 480 opcional) sin componente de CD				
Factor de potencia	0.9				
Eficiencia CA-CA	94%				
Eficiencia CD-CA	a plena carga 95.5%				
Regulación de voltaje	+/-1%				
Ajuste de frecuencia	+/- 0.5, +/- 1, +/- 2, +/- 3, +/- 4 Hz (configurable)				
Frecuencia libre	60 o 50Hz +/- 0.1 Hz				
Sobrecarga	110% x10 min; 125% 60seg. & 1000% x 1 ciclo				
Forma de onda	Senoidal pura				
THDv	Menor a 2% (cargas lineales)				
Factor de cresta	3:1				
Protección	Sobrecarga y corto circuito, sobre temperatura				
Respuesta dinámica	2% a 100% de cambio de carga				
Tiempo de transferencia a bypass	Menor de 0.5 milisegundos				
Bypass Estático	Electrónico con protección por fusible (dual input opcional)				
Bypass de mantenimiento	Totalmente seguro para el usuario con protección de UPS bypass				
AMBIENTE Y OTROS					
Temperatura de funcionamiento	-10 a 40° C				
Temperatura de almacenamiento	-20 a 60° C				
Humedad relativa	95% max. sin condensar				
Altitud	2500m sin reducción de capacidad				
Ruido (dB) @ 1.0m	<45dB hasta 40 KVA				
Estandares del UPS:	Seguridad EN50091-1; IEC62040-1; EMC EN50091-2; IEC62040-2				
Diseño	ENV50091-3; IEC62040-3				
MTBF (tiempo medio entre fallas)	100,000 horas, 250,000 horas con el interruptor estático				
DATOS DE PANTALLA					
Entrada: Voltaje y corriente; Salida e inversor: Voltaje, corriente y frecuencia; Bypass: Voltaje y frecuencia Baterías: Voltaje y corriente; Registro (Memoria de los acontecimientos): Acontecimientos del último 300					
RESPALDO DE OPERACIÓN					
Tiempo de respaldo	5 min-9min en el mismo gabinete (40kVA gabinete externo)				
Tiempos extendidos	Según especificaciones del cliente				
Voltaje de DC	+204/-204				
Baterías	12VDC Plomo-Acido selladas libre de mantenimiento				
Tiempo de recarga	Aprox. 4-8 horas				
Vida de diseño batería	5-12 años según modelo				
DIMENSIONES					
Alto (cm)	110	130		162	
Ancho (cm)	40	53		77	
Profundidad (cm)	77	95		74	
Peso (kg) sin baterías	110	240		290	
OPCIONES					
Bypass de mantenimiento externo, Tiempo de respaldo extendido, Transformador de Aislamiento Voltaje 380 o 400 europeo 50 Hz					

Los datos y especificaciones están sujetas a cambio sin previo aviso y por requerimientos especiales.





POWER-ALL

Energía Segura, Protección Continua

DSP+

40 a 80 kVA

Sistema de Fuerza Ininterrumpible

CARACTERÍSTICAS

- » Tecnología True On-Line Doble Conversión
- » Control DSP para IGBT rectificador e inversor del UPS
- » Sistema de gestión inteligente de la batería aumenta la duración de las baterías
- » Rectificador PFC en base a IGBT (FP > 0,99)
- » Procesador real de señal digital (DSP)
- » Bajo nivel de distorsión armónica total (THDi <= 4%)
- » Opción de Transformador de aislamiento galvánico
- » Funcionamiento con generador compatible
- » Bypass automático y manual de servicio
- » SNMP estándar en todos los equipos
- » Amplia gama de voltaje de entrada
- » Bloques de batería expandibles
- » Bajo costo de mantenimiento
- » Diseño sin transformador
- » Alta eficiencia (hasta el 95%)



Especificaciones técnicas

CAPACIDAD	40kVA	50kVA	60kVA	80kVA
ENTRADA				
Voltaje	3 fases 120/208 o 127/ 220VAC 60 Hz (380/400/440 y 480 opcional)			
Ventana de voltaje	+ 20% - 20%			
Frecuencia	60 +/- 5 Hz			
Sincronización	12 seg			
Protección	Interruptor térmico			
Factor de potencia	< 0.98			
THDI	4 - 7%			
SALIDA				
Factor de potencia	KW = FP 0.8 (0.9 opcional)			
Voltaje	3 fases 120/208 o 127/ 220VAC 60 Hz (380/400/440 y 480 opcional) sin componente de CD			
Eficiencia CA-CA	94%			
Eficiencia CD-CA	a plena carga 95.5			
Regulación de voltaje	+/-1%			
Ajuste de frecuencia	+/- 0.5, +/- 1, +/- 2, +/- 3, +/- 4 Hz (configurable)			
Frecuencia libre	60 o 50Hz +/- 0.1 Hz			
Velocidad de seguimiento	1Hz/sec			
Sobrecarga	110% x10 min; 125% 60seg. & 1000% x 1ciclo			
Forma de onda	Sinusoidal pura			
THDv	Menor a 2% (cargas lineales)			
Factor de cresta	3:1			
Protección	Sobrecarga y corto circuito, sobre temperatura			
Respuesta dinámica	2% a 100% de cambio de carga			
Tiempo de transferencia a bypass	Menor de 0.5 milisegundos			
Bypass Estático	Electrónico con protección por fusible (dual input opcional)			
Bypass de mantenimiento	Totalmente seguro para el usuario con protección de UPS bypass			
AMBIENTE Y OTROS				
Temperatura de funcionamiento	-10 a 40° C			
Temperatura de almacenamiento	-20 a 60° C			
Humedad relativa	95% max. sin condensar			
Altitud	2500m sin reducción de capacidad			
Ruido (dB) @ 1.0m	<65dB			
Estandares del UPS:	Seguridad EN50091-1; IEC62040-1; EMC EN50091-2; IEC62040-2			
Diseño	ENV50091-3; IEC62040-3			
MTBF (tiempo medio entre fallas)	100,000 horas, 250,000 horas con el interruptor estático			
DATOS DE PANTALLA				
Entrada: Voltaje y corriente; Salida e inversor: Voltaje, corriente y frecuencia; Bypass: Voltaje y frecuencia Baterías: Voltaje y corriente; Registro (Memoria de los acontecimientos): Acontecimientos del último 300				
RESPALDO DE OPERACIÓN				
Tiempo de respaldo	5 min-9min estándar en gabinete similar o rack			
Tiempos extendidos	Según especificaciones del cliente			
Voltaje de DC	300VDC para los modelo estándares			
Baterías	12VDC Plomo-Acido selladas libre de mantenimiento			
Tiempo de recarga	Aprox. 4-8 horas			
Vida de diseño batería	12 años según modelo			
DIMENSIONES				
Alto (cm)	151			190
Ancho (cm)	80.5			105
Profundidad (cm)	78			81
Peso (kg) sin baterías	320			450
OPCIONES				
Bypass de mantenimiento externo, Tiempo de respaldo extendido, Transformador de Aislamiento Voltaje 380 o 400 europeo 50 Hz				

Los datos y especificaciones están sujetas a cambio sin previo aviso y por requerimientos especiales.



POWER-ALL

Energía Segura, Protección Continua

Multi Power+ FP1

Sistema de Fuerza Ininterrumpible

10-100 KW

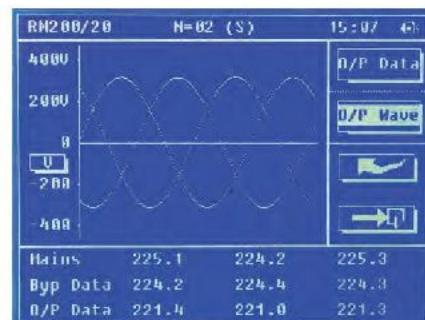
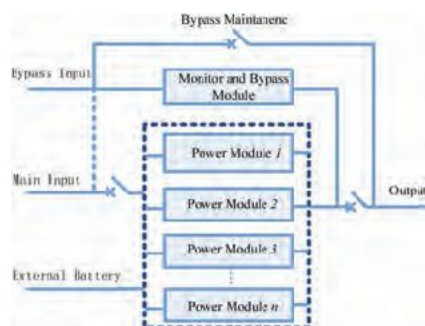
CARACTERÍSTICAS

- » UPS con factor de potencia 1 a la salida
- » Tecnología doble conversión verdaderamente en línea
- » Diseño modular con redundancia N + X, línea hot-swappable
- » Control total DSP de alta estabilidad, fiabilidad y seguridad
- » Módulo integrado IGBT con un mejor rendimiento y tamaño reducido
- » Modo reposo inteligente para el ahorro de energía y prolongar el tiempo de vida del sistema
- » Alta densidad de potencia en un solo gabinete, módulo de Potencia PAMX10KW con la altura de 3U de rack
- » Ecológico y ahorro de energía: eficiencia AC/AC > 95%, factor de potencia de entrada > 0,99 THDi a la entrada < 3%
- » Gestión de la batería optimizada, monitorea y controla de forma inteligente todo el proceso de la carga y descarga, mejora efectivamente el tiempo de vida de la batería
- » Registra automáticamente la información cuando ocurren fallas, facilita la solución de problemas. Envía mensajes vía correo electrónico
- » Arranque en frío desde la batería
- » Contactos secos programables
- » Interfaz amigable con pantalla táctil LCD
- » Paralelable por capacidad o redundancia N+X, N+N
- » Transformador de aislamiento opcional
- » Monitoreo local y remoto, opcional monitoreo ambiental (líquidos, temperatura, humedad)



Especificaciones técnicas

CAPACIDAD	10-100KW
Módulo de Potencia	PAMX10KVA/10KW
ENTRADA	
Fases	3 fases + Neutral + Tierra
Voltaje	200V/208V/220V(línea a línea)
Frecuencia	50/60Hz
Factor de Potencia	>0.99
THDi sin filtros adicionales	<3% @ 100% carga lineal
Rango de Voltaje	+15% -20%
Rango de Frecuencia	40Hz ~ 70Hz
SALIDA	
Voltaje	208V-120 / 220V-127 3F, N+TF
Regulación	+/- 1.0%
Regulación a cambios de carga	≤6% para cambios de hasta el 100% de carga
Frecuencia nominal	60Hz
Forma de onda	Senoidal pura
THDV	<1.5%(carga lineal),THD<5%(carga no lineal)
Factor de potencia	1 (10KVA/10KW)
Valor de Cresta	3:1
Capacidad de sobrecarga UPS	110% por 1 hora; 125% por 10 minutos ;150% por1 minuto; >150% por 200ms
Sobrecarga Bypass	125% por 10 minutos, 1000% por 100 ms
Eficiencia AC-AC	95% con ≥ 31% de carga, ≥ 90% con ≤ 30% carga
BATERIA	
Transferencia a baterías	0ms
Voltaje	±120VDC
Cargador	20% de la potencia del equipo
Precisión	±1%
SISTEMA	
Eficiencia	Modo Normal 95% ; Modo ECO 98% ; Batería 95%
Display LCD	Pantalla táctil y teclado. Muestra: voltaje y frecuencia de entrada- salida; corriente por fase; potencia KVA/KW; estado de módulo de potencia, de control de interruptores, de switches, de ventiladores, de redundancia, fecha e historial de eventos
Switch estatico	Bypass interno automático electrónico
Bypass de mantenimiento	Totalmente seguro
Protección	IP20
Interface	Estandar: RS232, RS485, contactos secos, LSB, SNMP; opcional DNP3, AS400
Enfriamiento	Forzado por ventiladores
Software de monitoreo UPS	Local o remoto (via web) con protocolos SNMP, Modbus, DNP3, AS400, envia mensajes de alarma vía correo electrónico. Opcional monitoreo de ambiente (temperatura, humedad, líquidos)
Normas	EMC, IEC 62040-2, FCC parte15/B; Diseño IEC62040-3; Seguridad UL 1778, IEC 62040-1-1
Temperatura	Operacion 0~40°C / almacenamiento -40~70°C
Humedad Relativa	0 ~95%(sin condensacion)
Ruido Audible	65dB @ 100% carga, 62dB @ 45% carga (@1 metro)
FISICO	
Peso	Gabinete 182Kg, Módulo 22Kg





Si su industria o empresa utiliza o requiere sistemas de fuerza ininterrumpibles y no tiene la marca FUJI ELECTRIC, seguramente está perdiendo mucho dinero en energía

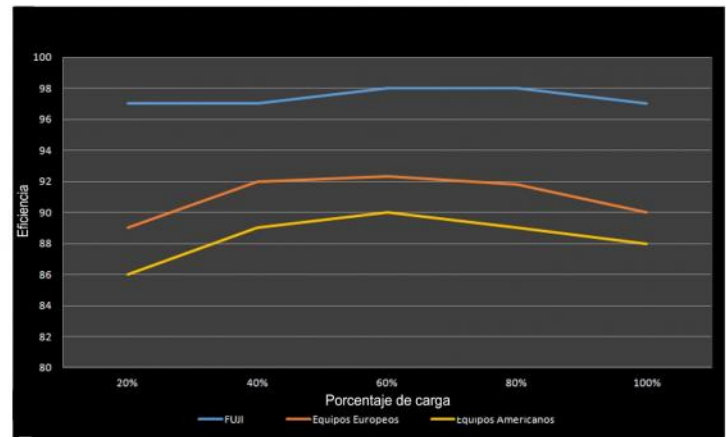
Pérdida anual en gasto de energía

Dif. Eficiencia Gasto en	3%	5%	7%	10%
300 KVA	\$220,752	\$367,920	\$515,088	\$735,840
400 KVA	\$294,336	\$490,560	\$686,784	\$981,120
500 KVA	\$367,920	\$613,200	\$858,480	\$1,226,400

valor promedio de 2.8KW/hr

desde 250KVA a 4,000KVA.

Fuji es líder en Japón con 45% del mercado industrial y telecom y en Asia Pacifico también el líder con 40% de participación duplicando la de su competidor más cercano.



Comparativo en capacidad de 500 KVA

Ahorre dinero cambie a



Fuji Electric

se paga solo



3 años de garantía TOTAL

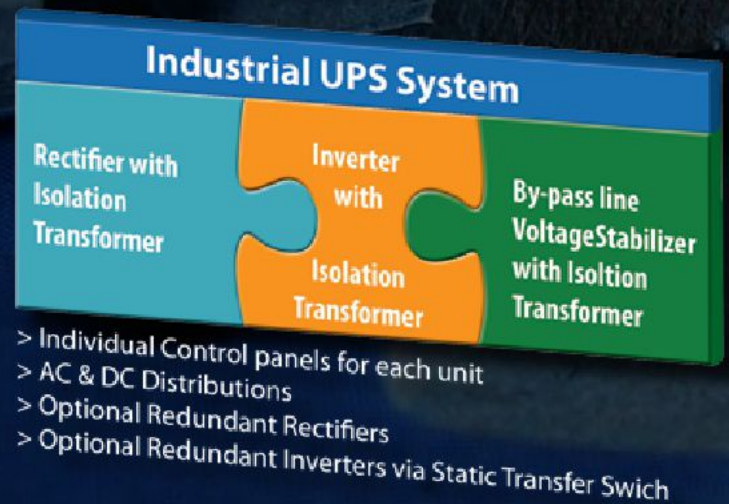
INDUSTRIAL UPS

INDUSTRIAL UPS SYSTEM



Industrial UPS System

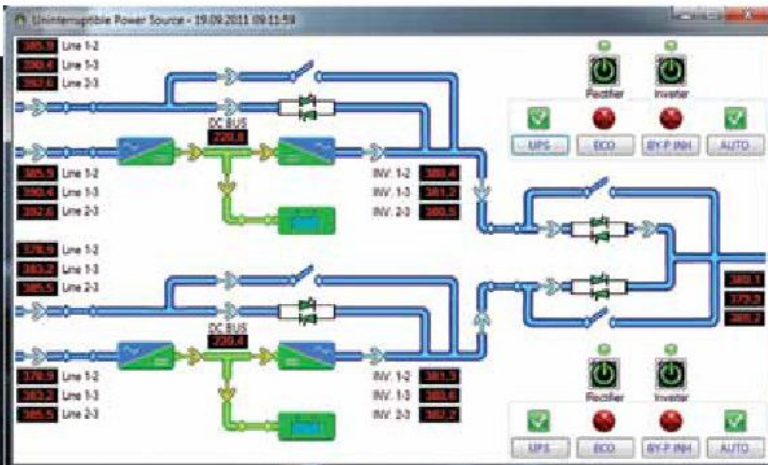
Complete Power Solution With Maximum Protection



INDUSTRIAL UPS SYSTEM UNITS

The system consists of rectifier / charger, inverter, static bypass, maintenance bypass, rectifier isolation transformer, inverter isolation transformer, bypass line isolation transformer, automatic line stabilizer, DC distribution, AC distribution, controls and monitoring. The AC output of the inverter is connected to the critical load, the storage battery is connected between the inverter

input and rectifier / charger output through a battery isolation MCB. The normal AC input power is connected to the rectifier; the bypass circuit also takes power from the same power source to provide power for the critical load during bypass operation when the system is in maintenance mode.



INDUSTRIAL UPS CONCEPT:

Industrial UPSs are regarded as fully customized power supply systems for rugged environments and designed particularly to safeguard critical loads in industrial applications where voltage transients, created by degraded mains supply, can seriously damage both UPS and the critical load. Industrial UPS Systems are fully flexible and customizable and designed for active-on line installation between the power source, by-pass source and critical load where the inverter delivers regulated AC voltage and frequency to the load and rectifier delivers regulated DC voltage / current to the DC load at all times without interruption.

The power conversion process isolates the critical load from the normal mains disturbances and isolates the mains from load induced reflected harmonics affecting other loads connected to the input mains feeder. The rectifier converts AC power into DC to charge maintenance free lead acid or nickel cadmium batteries; it also provides the necessary DC for continuously rated capacity of the inverter. IGBT semiconductor modules are used in PWM inverter and the control logic creates the precise sinusoidal output waveform with a very low harmonic content. Thyristor semiconductor modules are also used in rectifier for reliable operation.



INDUSTRIAL UPS SYSTEM OPERATION MODES

NORMAL OPERATION

The rectifier with input isolation transformer converts normal input AC power into DC for the inverter and DC loads and for charging the battery group. The inverter is synchronized with the mains providing it is within the tolerances permitted by the logic, the inverter delivers its closely regulated frequency and voltage with output isolation transformer through the static switch to the load. Where the reference frequency and voltage are outside the permitted limits, the inverter will 'uncouple' from the mains and will free run using its internal oscillator to assure the high stability power for the load.

LOSS OF INPUT POWER

In the event of input power failure, the inverter will free run using its internal oscillator and DC loads will operate from the battery until the low DC threshold is reached or the input power to the rectifier is restored. When the input AC power to the rectifier is restored, the rectifier resumes the provision of DC for the inverter, DC load and it will simultaneously recharge the battery. The critical AC load connected to the inverter and the critical DC load connected to the rectifier will not be disturbed during the loss and restoration of the input AC power feeding the rectifier.

BYPASS OPERATION

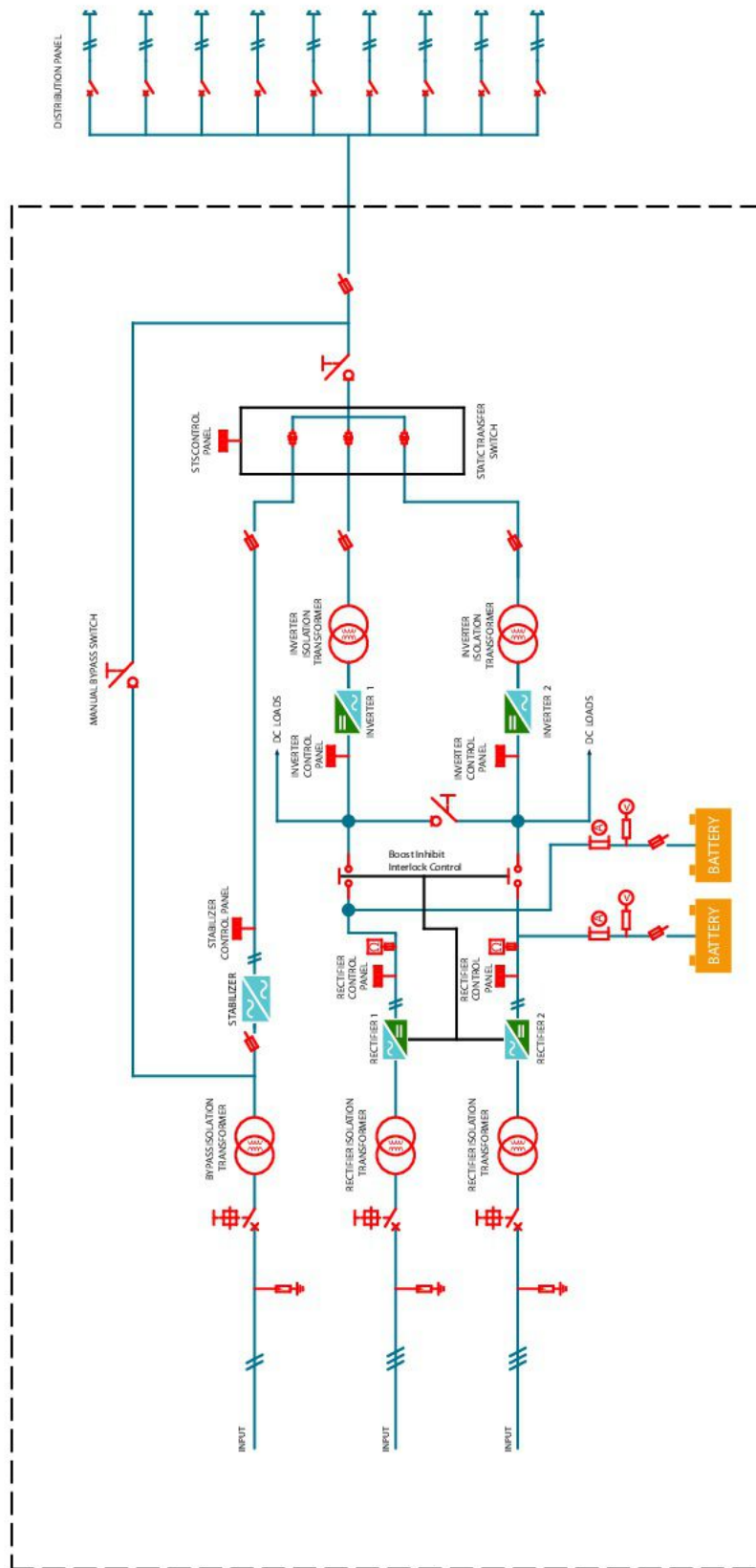
The inverter is provided with a sensing circuit which can delete transient overload, sustained overloads and short circuits. The sensing circuit initiates 'current limit', which causes the static switch to transfer the critical load to the bypass line without interruption for load security. There is also an isolation transformer with automatic line stabilizer. So, bypass line is also a reliable source for the AC load across line fluctuations and disturbances.

Applications

Industrial UPS Systems are primarily designed to meet requirements for the applications;

- Oil and gas offshore and onshore,
- Petrochemical,
- Chemical,
- Power- and Substations
- Production process plants
- Offshore installations
- Pipeline control centers
- Airport, avionics and airfields
- Railways and metro lines
- Hospitals and healthcare
- Security and Alarm equipments
- Defense

TYPICAL REDUNDANT AND FULLY ISOLATED DESIGN



BENEFITS

LOAD SECURITY AGAINST MAINS FAILURE

Load is fully isolated with galvanic transformer. Therefore, in circumstances where the load is likely to be affected by a very large variation in its power supply, a transformer-based UPS provides a safer and more robust solution than transformer-less technology simply because its size and construction afford some inertia between the input and output waveforms, with no additional electronic filtering required. For utmost critical applications like the ones in oil & gas or health care sectors, redundancy on the rectifier side (direct connection) and on the inverter side (via static transfer switch) is highly recommended. **Our Static Transfer Switch topology offers 3-input design:** The 2 inputs are for the UPSs and 3rd input being utilizable as common bypass line for UPSs or as the 3rd redundant line input which is seen as the most important advantage against load sharing systems.

LOAD SECURITY AGAINST BATTERY AND RECTIFIER FAILURE

Load is fully isolated with galvanic transformer. In case of battery or rectifier failure the distorted DC current is filtered out by the transformer, so there is no need to employ additional electronic filtering. In addition due to transformer based architecture less number of electronic components are employed, which brings higher mean time between failure (MTBF) to the system.

MODULAR ARCHITECTURE

UPS systems have a modular architecture, meaning that they're built with a number of electronic cards to control each unit instead of a large, single motherboard; thus it would be enough to replace particular PCB to fix the device in case of a failure. It can be translated into significantly lower spare part cost and shorter maintenance time.

IDEAL SOLUTION FOR INDUSTRIAL USES

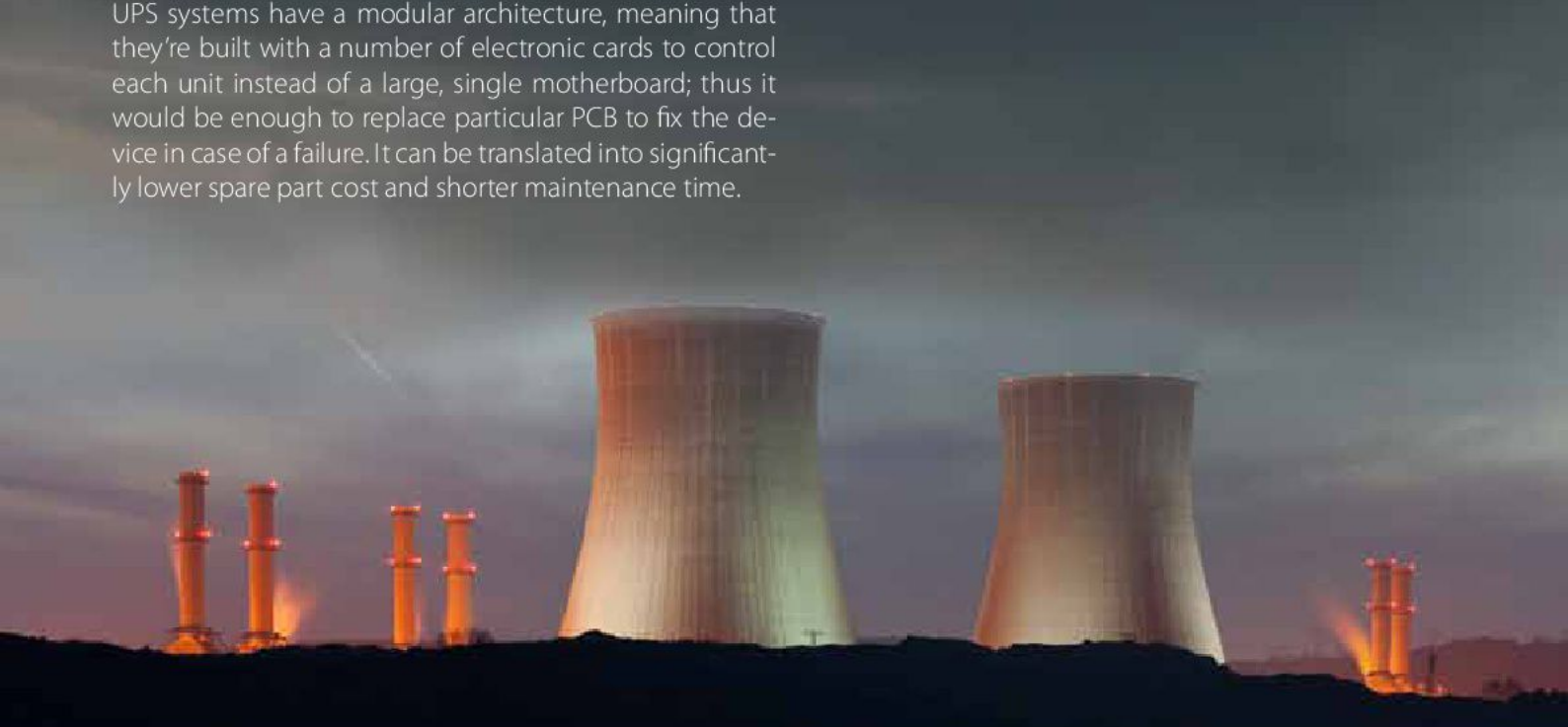
Transformer-based devices are ideal for sites that experience heavily polluted mains supplies –particularly industrial, rural and complex infrastructure locations, such as hospitals, petroleum plants, airports etc. In these circumstances, any UPS would be expected to offer dependable long-term protection from repetitive transients and electrical noise.

BATTERY EFFICIENCY

Unlike transformer-less systems, transformer based online UPS systems use fewer number of battery sets to feed the load due to its unique architecture. Therefore battery sets get charged evenly and at optimum rates to maximize the battery life time and reduce long term battery replacement cost. **Our Industrial UPS Systems come with 110 VDC, 125 VDC, 144 VDC, 220 VDC, 264 VDC or 360 VDC bus bar ratings with up to 1000 Amp charging capacity.**

LONGTERM OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY

PMI transformer based, double conversion online UPS systems provide longer operational efficiency as transformer-less UPS systems bring operational risks and downtime due to malfunction especially for industrial uses where voltage transients, created by degraded mains supply, can seriously damage both UPS and the load.



RECTIFIER BLOCK

The rectifier is SCR controlled AC/DC rectifier with input isolation transformer and with automatic constant voltage and constant current ability. It comes with 6 Pulse or 12 pulse design options depending on user requirements. The advantages of employing 12 pulse rectifier in industrial UPS systems are to have lower THDi (<10%) and higher pf at input (>0.9) as well as to secure redundancy since 12 pulse rectifiers are designed with one delta and one star connected transformers, so the unit itself behaves as two redundant rectifiers by its nature as demonstrated in graphs.

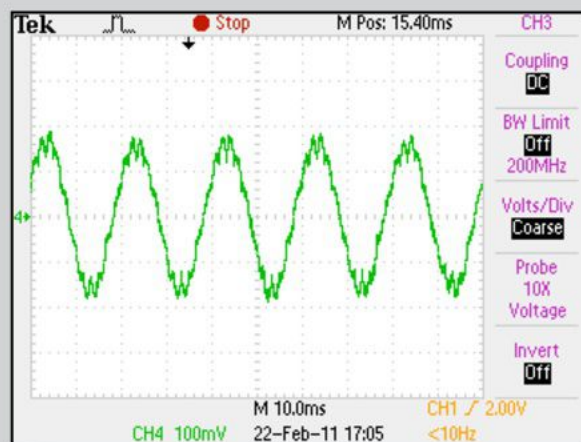
On LCD panel all measurement values, real time base events and failures can be viewed and communicate remotely via RS485-ModBus, TCP-IP or GSM Module. All operations are controlled and processed by micro controllers. Adjustable timer is used for boost charging the batteries automatically. Output current, battery current, boost and Float Charge Voltages are adjustable on the user-friendly control panel. Also automatic boost charge can be selected on menu. The automatic boost menu has the options for selecting the boost and float current according to battery capacity.

For dual operations boost inhibit facility is also provided. Boost Inhibit Function is necessarily employed when two DC Chargers with two battery groups operate in a parallel redundant mode. In parallel operation, if two rectifiers start boost-charging at the same time there is danger the DC load would be damaged by overvoltage. So, the principle idea of Inhibit facility is to block any one of the two chargers feeding the load in Boost mode when the other rectifier is charging the batteries in Boost mode; so the system prevents applying overvoltage to the load. This function is primarily handled by a powerful communication between two rectifiers and the use of contactors.

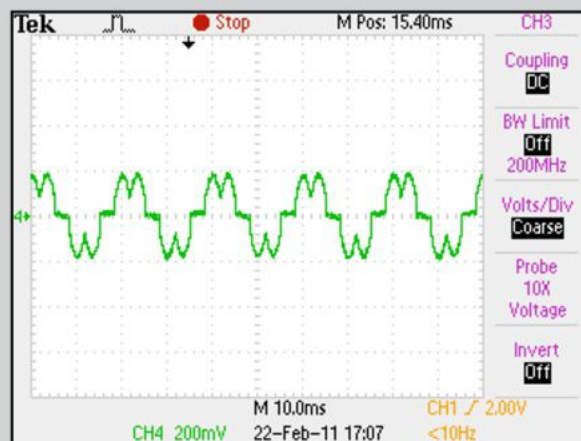
PROTECTIONS

The input and output of the charger are protected against improper use and line disturbances electronically. Input and output can be switched by circuit breakers individually. It has self-protection against over temperature. The alarm contacts can be used for external system in the case of any anomaly. The output is fully isolated from the AC line input.

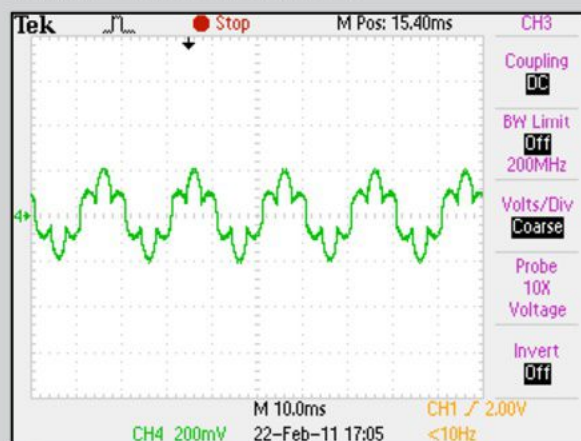
12 PULSE RECTIFIER CURRENT WAVE



6 PULSE RECTIFIER CURRENT WAVE
(DELTA-DELTA CONNECTION)



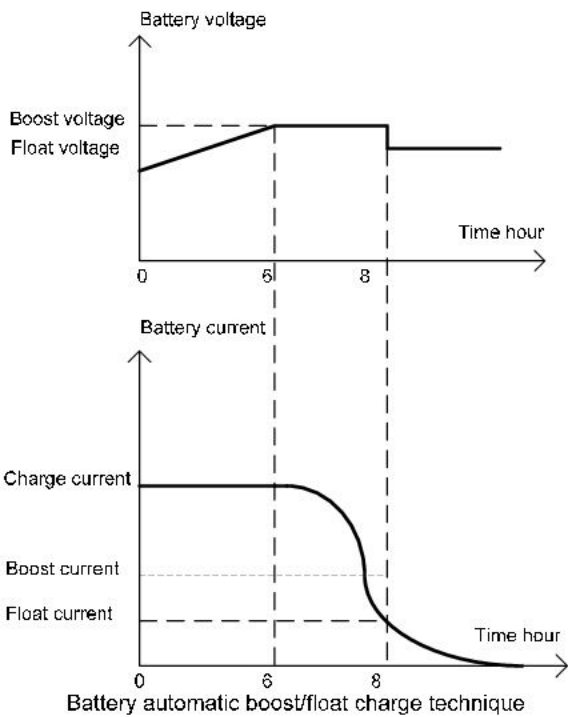
6 PULSE RECTIFIER CURRENT WAVE
(DELTA-STAR CONNECTION)



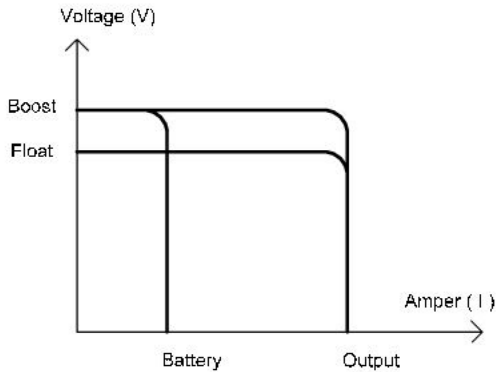
DC Ripple < 1%

Input and output are protected with MCBs and all settings including boost charge, floating charge and battery charge current can be adjusted via front panel digitally. DC output is filtered by L/C, so DC ripple at full load always lower than 1% to increase battery life.

BATTERY CHARGING CHARACTERISTICS



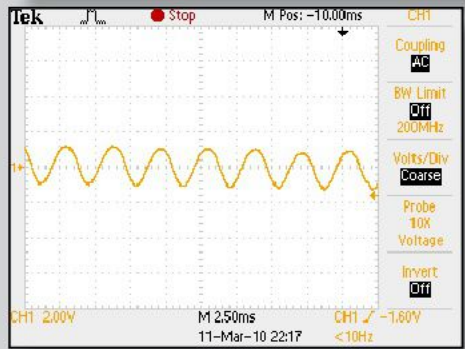
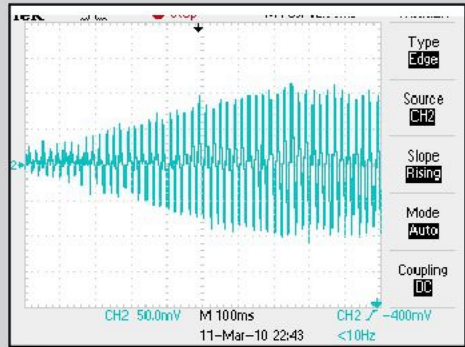
Ideal and safe charging of batteries is sustained by setting boost and float charge currents. In this way unnecessary boost conditions and deformation of batteries at changing load currents are prevented.



Constant voltage / constant current rectifier output V/I characteristics

Ideal output characteristic via fast microprocessor control

LOW RIPPLE



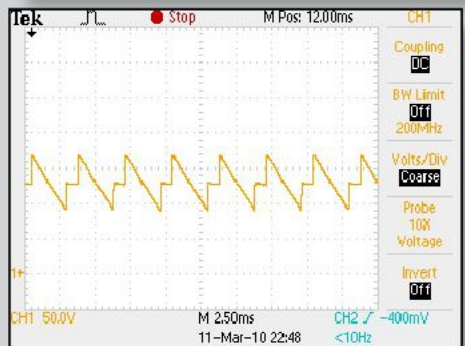
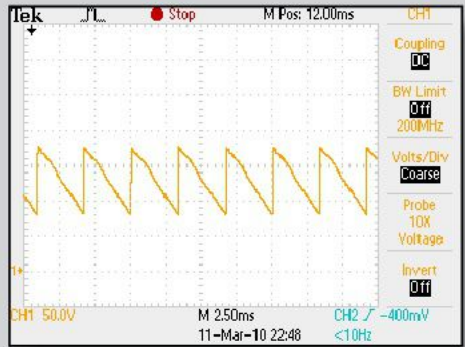
Soft Start Feature

- ▶ No inrush current at start up

AC Ripple at full load < 1%

- ▶ Battery life is extended significantly via low ripple voltage due to low heat

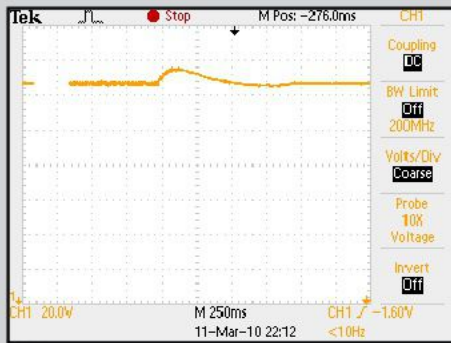
MICROPROCESSOR CONTROL



Fully microprocessor controlled rectifier

- ▶ Thyristor angle is adjusted with load change
- ▶ 1/2 Load: Phase angle shortened
- ▶ Full Load: Phase angle at max

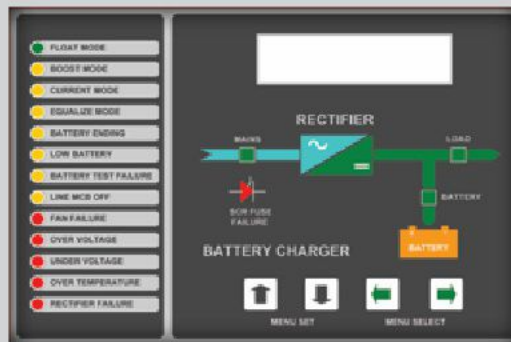
DYNAMIC RESPONSE



▶ In sudden load changes dynamic response is 300 msec without overshoot or undershoot to secure the load

▶ With this capability rectifier can be used as a power supply even without battery safely with DC Loads

RECTIFIER FRONT PANEL SCREENSHOT



RECTIFIER COMMUNICATION INTERFACE



INVERTER BLOCK

The inverter converts DC voltage into pure sinusoidal AC voltage with constant amplitude and stable frequency. The unit works with an IGBT inverter bridge with PWM (pulse width modulation) having high efficiency in the partial load range as well as achieving a low distortion factor at non linear load. Inverter output encompasses 6 IGBT modules, boosting the instant power capacity of the UPS by double fold with comparison to regular systems. This feature allows the UPS to handle higher capacity loads (inrush currents) with smaller capacity devices. In addition, switching at high frequency - 20 KHz. – keeps the output sin wave (THD) undistorted providing reliable solutions for nonlinear loads. On LCD panel all measure-

ment values, real time base events and failures can be viewed and communicate remotely with RS485 port.

In the event of mains interruption or failure, the battery connected to the DC input feeds the load automatically and without interruption. If the battery discharge limit is exceeded, the inverter automatically turns off and a warning is given shortly before the discharged voltage limit is reached. Automatic change-over of the load to the bypass mains or a suitable spare supply occurs if the supply from the inverter falls outside the preset tolerances.

WARNING LEDS:

- Inverter not Synchronized
- Inverter DC Input High/Low
- Bypass Out of Limit
- Battery Fuse OFF
- Bypass MCB OFF
- Main MCB OFF
- Inverter Overload
- Internal Overtemperature
- Inverter Failure
- IGBT SCR Fuse Failure
- Bypass SCR Fuse Failure
- Inverter Output High / Low
- Fan Failure
- Inverter Overtemperature
- Rectifier Failure
- Battery Test Failure

SET MENU:

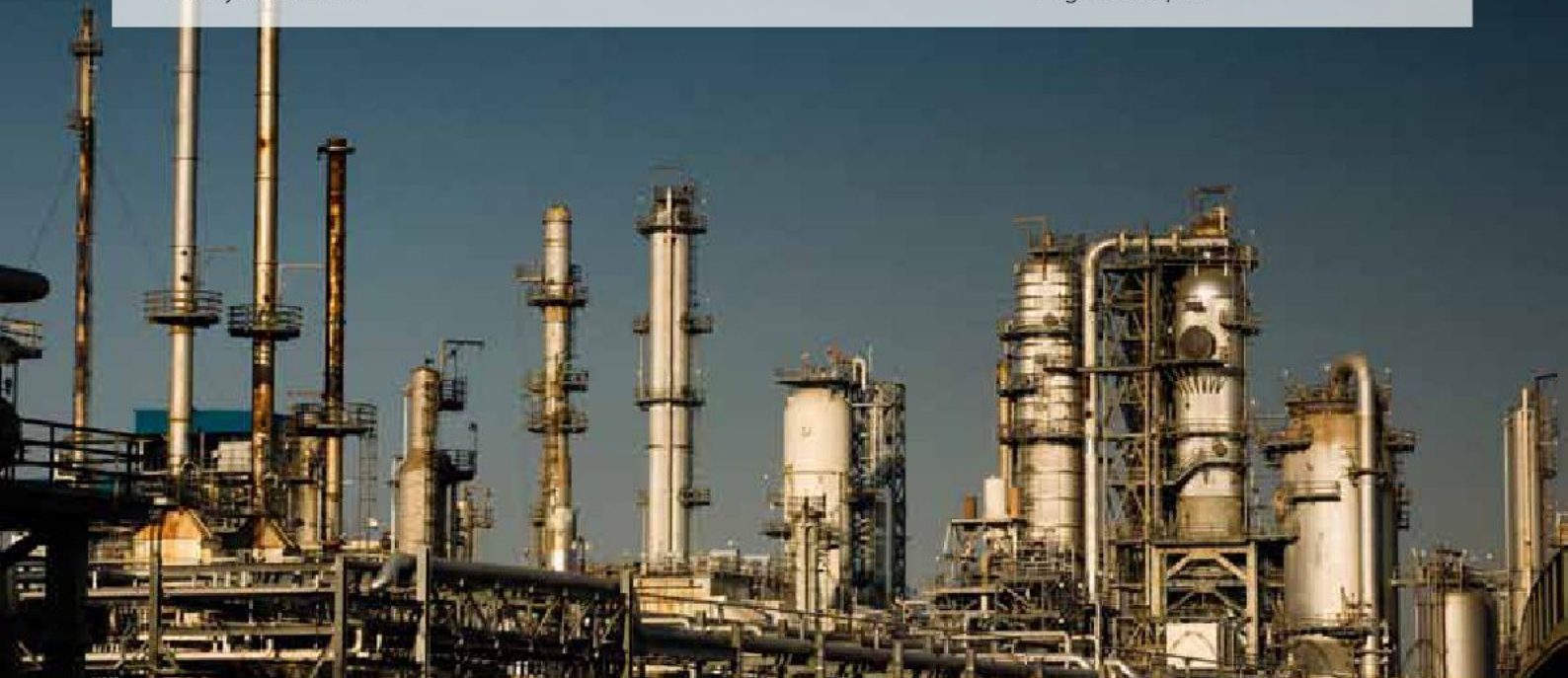
- Cold Start ON / OFF
- Automatic Start ON / OFF
- ECO Mode ON / OFF
- Automatic Retransfer Bypass Bypass Inhibit
- DC Cut off Low Battery Level
- Output Adjustment
- Bypass Voltage Tolerance
- Synchronization Frequency
- DC Cut off High Voltage Level

MEASUREMENT VALUES:

- Input Voltage / Current / Frequency
- Output Voltage / Current / Frequency
- DC Voltage / Current
- Internal Temperature

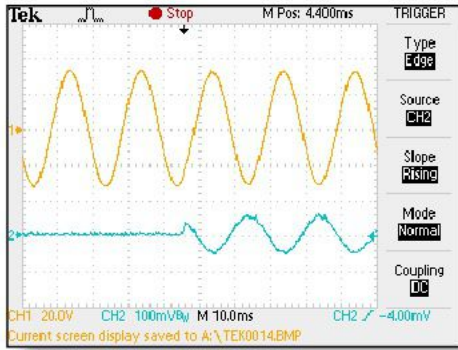
ALARM CONTACTS (1 OPEN 1 CLOSED):

- Inverter Failure
- Inverter Overtemperature
- Inverter Overload
- Load on Bypass / Inverter
- Bypass out of Limit
- Inverter not Synchronized
- Low Battery / Low DC Input
- High DC Input

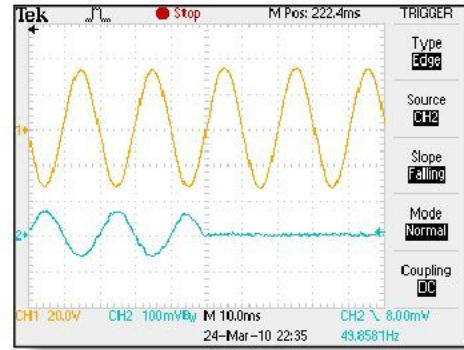


Dynamic Response

Output at 0-100% load change

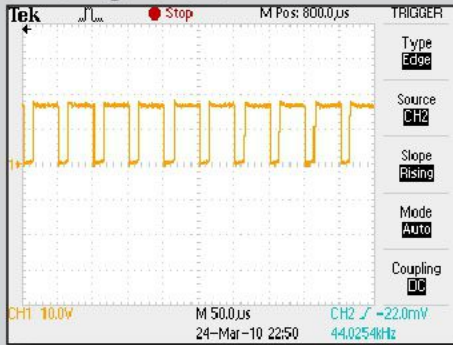


Output at 100% - 0 load change



In sudden load changes dynamic response recovery time is 5 msec and max. voltage change is 5%

Switching wave form

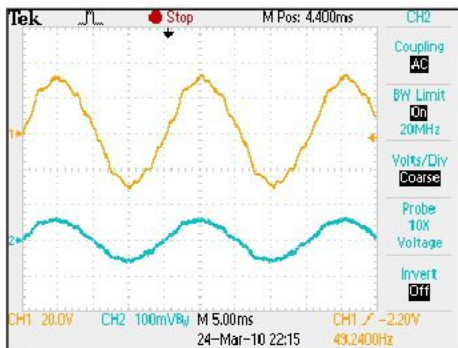


Switching at 20 kHz

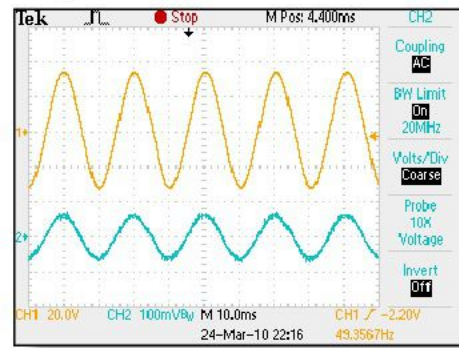
- There is no waveform distortion for reactive and nonlinear loads
- Low audible noise

Perfect output waveform with linear loads

Line voltage



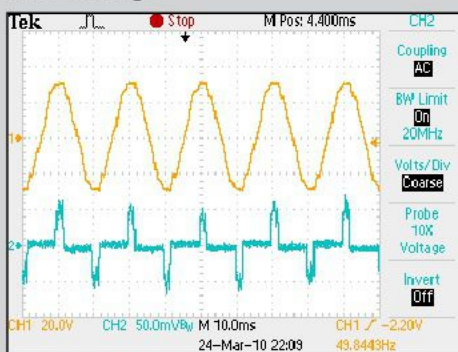
Output waveform



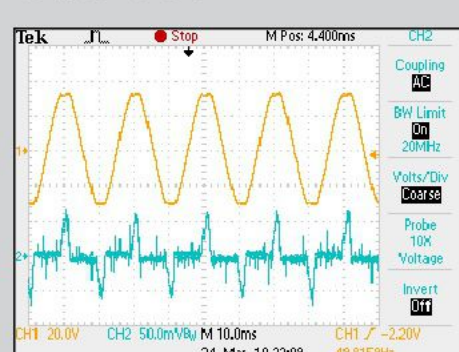
Perfect output waveform with linear loads

Perfect output waveform with non-linear loads

Line voltage

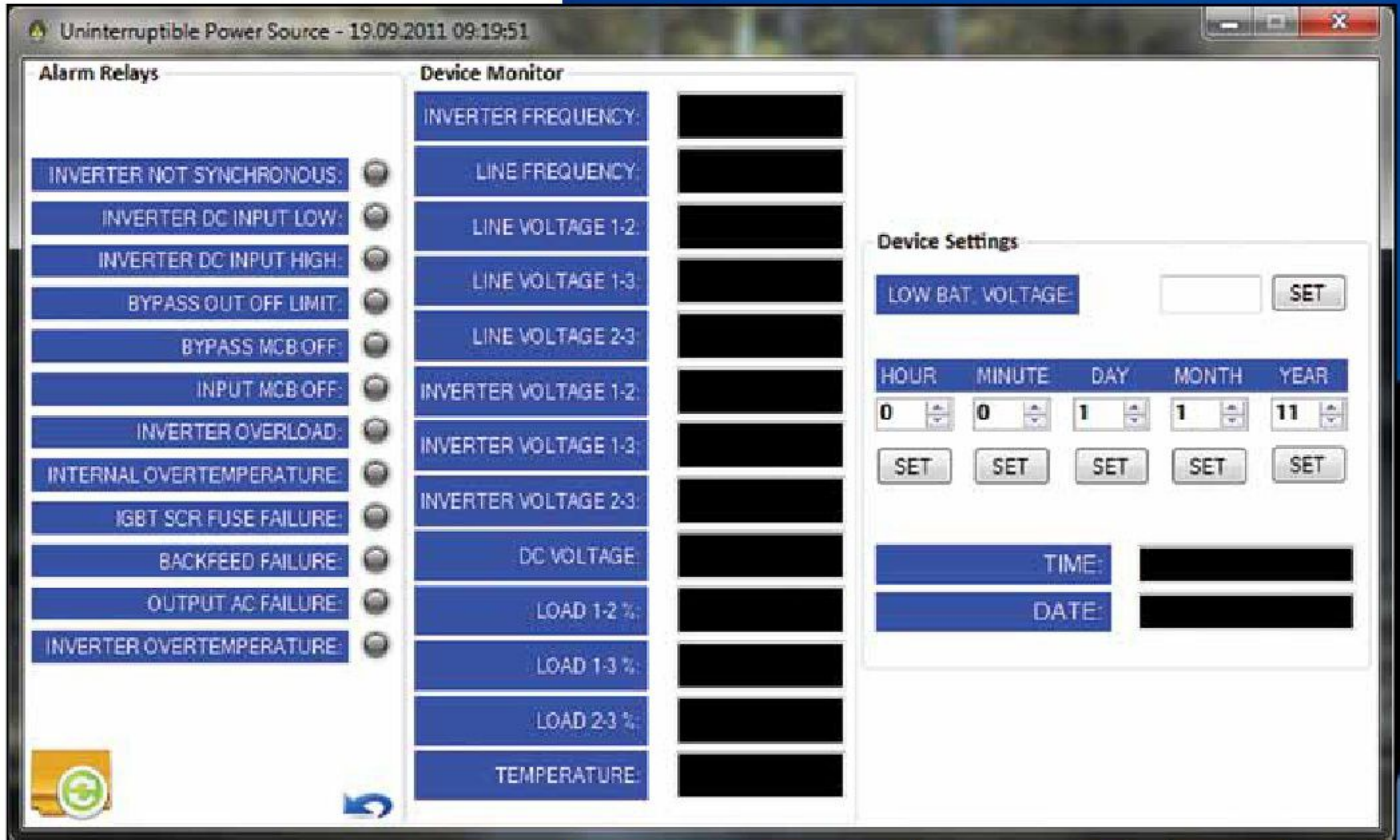


Output waveform



Perfect output waveform with non-linear loads

 **Inverter Communication Interface**



Alarm Relays

- INVERTER NOT SYNCHRONOUS:
- INVERTER DC INPUT LOW:
- INVERTER DC INPUT HIGH:
- BYPASS OUT OFF LIMIT:
- BYPASS MCB OFF:
- INPUT MCB OFF:
- INVERTER OVERLOAD:
- INTERNAL OVERTEMPERATURE:
- IGBT SCR FUSE FAILURE:
- BACKFEED FAILURE:
- OUTPUT AC FAILURE:
- INVERTER OVERTEMPERATURE:

Device Monitor

- INVERTER FREQUENCY: []
- LINE FREQUENCY: []
- LINE VOLTAGE 1-2: []
- LINE VOLTAGE 1-3: []
- LINE VOLTAGE 2-3: []
- INVERTER VOLTAGE 1-2: []
- INVERTER VOLTAGE 1-3: []
- INVERTER VOLTAGE 2-3: []
- DC VOLTAGE: []
- LOAD 1-2 %: []
- LOAD 1-3 %: []
- LOAD 2-3 %: []
- TEMPERATURE: []

Device Settings

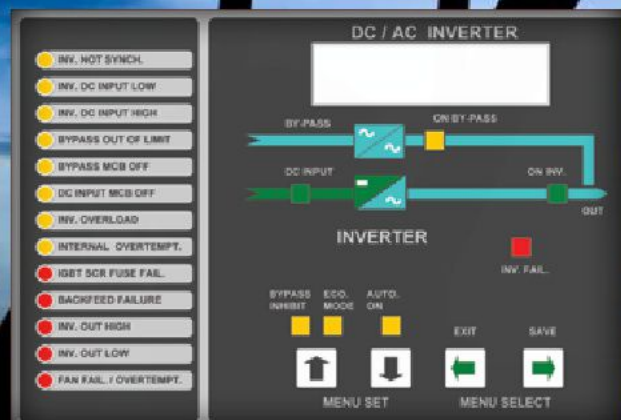
LOW BAT. VOLTAGE: [] SET

HOUR	MINUTE	DAY	MONTH	YEAR
0	0	1	1	11
SET	SET	SET	SET	SET

TIME: []

DATE: []

INVERTER FRONT PANEL



DC / AC INVERTER

BY-PASS ON BY-PASS

DC INPUT ON BYV. OUT

INVERTER


INV. FAIL

BYPASS INHIBIT ECO MODE AUTO ON

MENU SET MENU SELECT EXIT SAVE

- INV. NOT SYNCH.
- INV. DC INPUT LOW
- INV. DC INPUT HIGH
- BYPASS OUT OF LIMIT
- BYPASS MCB OFF
- DC INPUT MCB OFF
- INV. OVERLOAD
- INTERNAL OVERTEMP.
- IGBT SCR FUSE FAIL.
- BACKFEED FAILURE
- INV. OUT HIGH
- INV. OUT LOW
- FAN FAIL / OVERTEMP.

■ STATIC TRANSFER SWITCH BLOCK



The microprocessor-controlled static transfer switch constantly monitors the sources connected to the inputs; checks whether they remain within the current and frequency limits and decides if they are synchronized with each other. If the prioritized source is within the determined limits, critical load is transferred over to the prioritized source. If the prioritized source is not within the determined limits, load is then transferred to the 2nd source which is within the determined limits. When the prioritized source reverts to the determined limits, load is transferred back to it. Source priority can be set via front panel. For synchronization-controlled transfers, the static transfer switch transfers the critical load between sources without interruption. In case of an interruption in the source that feed the critical load, critical load is transferred to the other source within less than 5 ms. If sources are asynchronous to each other and asynchronous transfer is allowed, load is transferred to the other source within less than 11 seconds. If asynchronous transfer is not allowed, asynchronous transfer will not take place. Asynchronous transfer can be enabled via front panel.

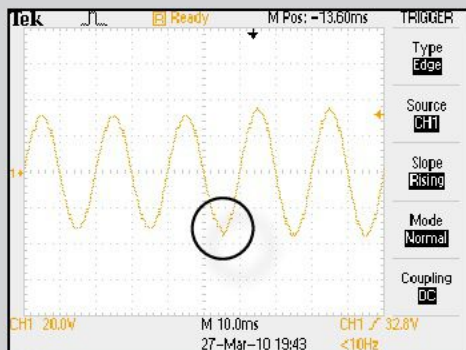
Thanks to the 3rd source input on the static transfer switch, a 3rd source or line power can be connected to the system. If a 3rd source is to be used, it can be utilized as the last priority. The 3rd source can also be used as a redundant source input instead of failed lines. This ensures reliability through redundant operation. When static transfer switches are to be used as parallel redundant uninterruptible power sources (UPS), the 3rd source input becomes important because in normal operations, both UPSs first transfer the critical load to the line, namely the bypass lines, in case one of them fails and then the UPS in good condition takes over the load. Even though this happens within a short period of time, the risk of interruption or fluctuation will be present for the line. For static transfer switches with a 3rd source input, the critical load is transferred to the line only if both UPSs fail.

Since the static transfer switches have 3 inputs, the 3rd source input functions as the common bypass line of the UPS's when parallel redundant UPSs are employed. This ensures true parallel redundant operation without utilizing bypass from UPSs. Also if the critical load exceeds 100% on the static transfer switches, the load is uninterruptedly transferred to the 3rd source thus preventing unnecessary shutdown or interruption.

Static transfer switches are capable of detecting thyristor failure and transfer the load to a convenient source thanks to the microprocessor control. It indicates a failure warning and shows the failed thyristor module block on the front panel. If the failure of this source's thyristor block can not be eliminated, the load is not transferred to this source again.

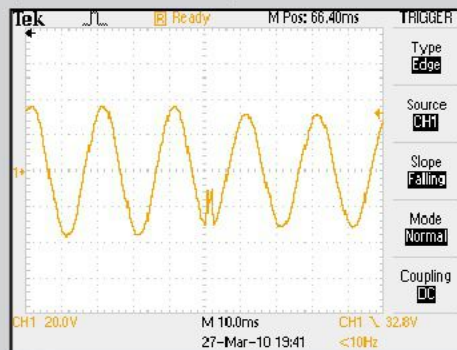
Perfect output waveform with non-linear loads

Source 1 is off limits



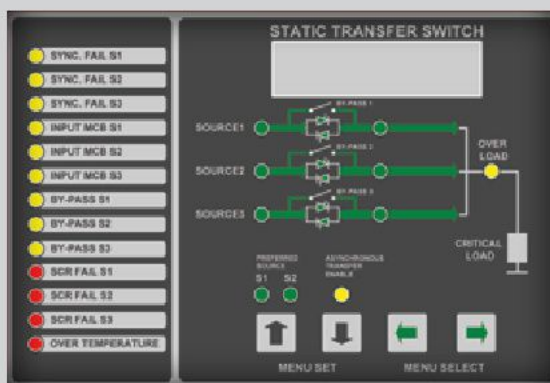
Transfer from Source 1 to Source 2 at the peak value of the line with forced commutation

Blackout on Source 1 at peak (Worst case scenario)



Perfect synchronized transfer to Source 2 at 2 msec

STS FRONT PANEL



STS COMMUNICATION INTERFACE



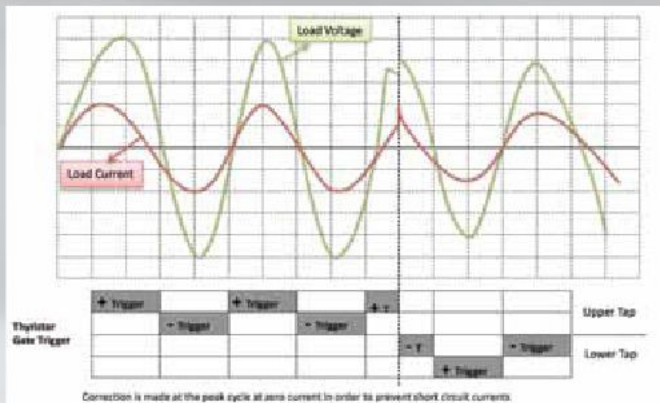
VOLTAGE STABILIZER AND ISOLATION TRANSFORMER AT BYPASS

In-house developed Servo & Static Type regulators stabilize the mains changes ideally when the Industrial UPS system is on bypass mode. It is particularly employed when differences exist at input and output voltage in the bypass mains. In this case, the bypass transformer adjusts the input to the output voltage; the stabilizer offsets the input mains variations and keeps the output voltage stable; so the voltage between the phases and voltage varieties are stabilized by these safe systems.

Since the output voltage tolerance is low ($\pm 1\%$) for Servo Type Stabilizers, it is an ideal solution for protecting loads when the UPS is on Bypass Mode. However places where

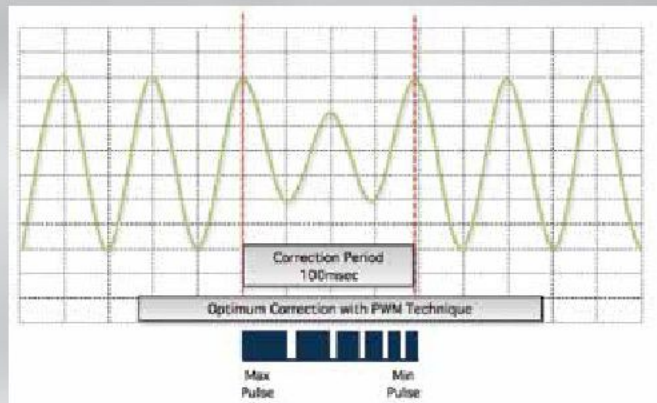
the mains changes frequently (20-50 VAC), the mechanical fault possibility increases as the mechanical servo needs to move frequently to compensate the input voltage variations. In addition, the regulation speed may not be enough to stabilize line input. In such cases Static Stabilizer may be a better solution which has no mechanical failure risk because static stabilizers don't include any moveable parts. Also for static stabilizers the speed of regulation is higher than servo stabilizers (500 V/sec) so the response of the system is better for instant mains changes. However output voltage tolerance ($\pm 2\%$) is worse than servo stabilizers.

UNINTERRUPTED SWITCHING (STATIC STABILIZER OPTION)



Reliable and uninterrupted switching is secured as tap changing occurs at zero current and at voltage peak level during regulation (shown on the diagram). Thanks to this feature, the occurrence of short circuit at switching instant is prevented.

SAFER LOAD (SERVO STABILIZER OPTION)



Since Servo Motor is set in motion with PWM technique, Servo Regulator responds to voltage spikes at optimum pulses to prevent overshoot & undershoot type corrections. As a result, the load is safer against voltage surges and short circuit current. In addition optimum corrections extend the life of the variable transformer and the regulator itself.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL	
Power Range	1-1 PHASE/ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 KVA
	3-1 PHASE / 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 60 KVA
	3-3 PHASE / 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 60, 80, 100, 125,150, 200 KVA"
Topology	Double Conversion Online System with Output Isolation Transformer
Control	Microprocessor Controlled System
RECTIFIER	
Topology	Full Bridge Phase Angle Controlled Thyristor Module Rectifier (6 Pulse / 12 Pulse Options)
Control	Microprocessor Controlled System
Nominal Input Voltage	110 VAC / 220 VAC / 230 VAC / 240 VAC / 380 VAC / 400 VAC / 415 VAC / 480 VAC ±15%
Nominal Input Frequency	50 hz. ±5% or 60 hz. ±5%
Input Power Factor	>0.8 Inductive (>0.9 with 12 Pulse Rectifier)
Nominal DC Voltage	110 VDC / 125 VDC / 144 VDC / 220 VDC / 264 VDC / 360 VDC
Nominal DC Current	Available upto 1200 Amp (12 Pulse over 400 Amp)
Static Tolerance	<1%
Output Voltage Ripple RMS	<1% (at full load)
Input Isolation Transformer	Galvanically Isolated (optional)
Serial Dropper Diodes	Optional depending on DC load input voltage range
Total harmonic Distortion (ThDi)	<30% (standard); <10% (with 12 Pulse Rectifier)
Battery Charging Principle	Constant Current Constant Voltage
Battery Charging Current Range	0-20 Adjustable based on Battery Current (standard); Can be higher based on Battery Capacity
Float Charge Voltage	100% to 115% of Floating Output Voltage Programmable
Boost Charge Voltage	100% to 125% of Floating Output Voltage Programmable
Boost voltage (V/C)	2,4 lead acid battery 1,55 NiCd Battery
Float voltage (V/C)	2,23 lead acid battery 1,40 NiCd battery
Equalize voltage (V/C)	2,7 lead acid battery 1,7 NiCd battery with reduced current
Front Panel Measured Values	LCD Display for Load Output Voltage / Current , Battery Output Voltage / Current and Line Voltage / Line Current / Frequency
Alarm Contacts (1 Open 1 Closed)	Open or closed; rectifier failure, over voltage, low battery, over temperature, line failure, Input MCB, Load MCB, Battery MCB
Front Panel Indicators	Float mode, Boost mode, Current mode, Boost inhibit, Battery ending, Low battery, Battery test failure, Line failure, Fan failure, Over voltage, Under voltage, Over temperature, Rectifier failure, SCR fuse failure (LED indication), Line MCB (LED indication), Load MCB (LED indication), Battery MCB (LED indication)
Front Panel Set Menu	Boost charge voltage, Float charge voltage, Low battery voltage, Battery test, Charger output current, Battery charge current, Battery automatic boost current and float current, Auto & Manual boost selection, Manual boost time, LED test and On - OFF.
Event History	Last 250 events recorded and displayed on front panel and on PC via RS 485
Communication	Parameter monitoring and setting through RS 485/Modbus over local area network or through RS485/TCP-IP over internet

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Protections	Input: Thermic-Magnetic Over Current Protection, Over Voltage Protection, Phase Sequence Free Operation (3 Phase), Soft Start
	Output: Short Circuit Protection, Over Voltage Protection, Reverse Voltage Protection
	Battery: L-C filters, Overcurrent Electronic protection, Over Voltage Protection and Thermic Fuse
INVERTER	
Topology	3 Full Bridge 6 high Frequency IGBT Inverter Modules (3 Phase); 1 Full Bridge 2 high Frequency IGBT Inverter Modules (1 Phase)
Power Factor	0.8
Nominal Input Voltage	110 VDC / 125 VDC / 144 VDC / 220 VDC / 264 VDC / 360 VDC
Operating Input Voltage	±15%
Nominal Output Voltage	110 VAC / 220 VAC / 230 VAC / 240 VAC / 380 VAC / 400 VAC / 415 VAC / 480 VAC
Voltage Tolerance	
static	± 1%
dynamic with 100% load change	± 5% in 5 msec.
Overload	
at 125% Load	10 minutes
at 150% Load	1 minute
at 300% Load	1 second
Waveform	Pure Sinusoidal
Total Harmonic Distortion (ThDv)	
at Linear Load	< 3%
at Non-Linear Load	< 5%
Crest Factor	3 : 1 (1 second)
Angle Deviation / Static Tolerance Deviation	
symmetric load	-- < 1° / <1%
50% asymmetric load	-- < 1° / <1%
100% asymmetric load	-- < 1° / <1%
Nominal Output Frequency	
while synchronized with the line	50 hz ±2% or 60 hz ±2%
while not synchronized with the line	50 hz ± 0.1% or 60 hz ± 0.1%
Switching Frequency	20 KHz.
Efficiency with Nominal Load	>85% / >90% depending on DC Bus Voltage
Isolation Transformer	Galvanically Isolated (standard)
Short-circuit behaviour:	3 x Nominal Output Current
Protection	Short Circuit Protection, Over Voltage Protection, Under Voltage Protection, Over Current Protection and Over Temperature Protection
Paralleling	Provided through precision synchronizing technique OR through Static Transfer Switch
Communication	Parameter monitoring and setting through RS 485/Modbus over local area network or through RS485/TCP-IP over internet

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Front Panel Warnings	Inverter not Synchronized, Inverter DC Input High/Low, Bypass Out of Limit, Battery Fuse OFF, Bypass MCB OFF, Main MCB OFF, Inverter Overload, Internal Overtemperature, Inverter Failure, IGBT SCR Fuse Failure, Bypass SCR Fuse Failure, Inverter Output High / Low, Fan Failure, Inverter Overtemperature, Rectifier Failure, Battery Test Failure
Front Panel Set Menu	Cold Start ON / OFF, Automatic Start ON / OFF, ECO Mode ON / OFF, Automatic Retransfer Bypass Bypass Inhibit, DC Cut off Low Battery Level, Output Adjustment Bypass Voltage Tolerance, Synchronization Frequency, DC Cut off High Voltage Level
Alarm Contacts (1 Open 1 Closed)	Inverter Failure, Inverter Overtemperature, Inverter Overload, Load on Bypass / Inverter, Bypass out of Limit, Inverter not Synchronized, Low Battery / Low DC Input, High DC Input
STATIC TRANSFER SWITCH	
Topology	Thyristor controlled transfer switch
Nominal Voltage	110 VAC / 220 VAC / 230 VAC / 240 VAC / 380 VAC / 400 VAC / 415 VAC / 480 VAC ±10%
Nominal Frequency	50 Hz or 60 Hz
Operational Current	50 A / 100 A / 200 A – 1 Phase; 3x50 A / 3x100 A / 3x200 A / 3x 300 A-3 Phase
Operation Voltage Interval	± 10% Adjustable
Synchronization Interval	± 10% Adjustable
Frequency Interval	± 10% Adjustable
Load Power Factor	0,7 – 1 Inductive
Overloading Capacity	
Between 100% - 125%	10 min.
Between %125 - 150%	5 sec.
Between %150 - 300%	100 msec.
Transfer Management	Break before make
Synchronous Transfer Time	< 5 msec. (¼ cycle at 50 Hz)
Asynchronous Transfer Time	< 11 msec.
Other Controlled Transfers	0 msec.
Efficiency	>99%
Communication	Parameter monitoring and setting through RS 485/Modbus over local area network or through RS485/TCP-IP over internet
Protection	Over temperature Protection, Thermal Fuse Protection at Source Inputs , Over-voltage Protection at Source Inputs
Front Panel Indications and Warnings	Synchronization Failure (Light), Asynchronous Transfer Enabled (Light), Prioritized Source Preference (Light), Input Source Fault (Light and Sound), Over current (Light and Sound), Over temperature (Light and Sound), Thyristor Failure (Light and Sound)

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Buttons	"Asynchronous Transfer Enable" Button, "Manual Transfer Enable" Button, "Reset" Button, "Source 1 or Source 2 Preferred" Button
Manuel Bypass	0 (Off) / 1 (1st Source) / 2 (STS Output) / 3 (2nd Source) Selector Switch
STATIC BY-PASS	
Topology	Uninterruptible static switch with back-feed protection
Bypass System	No break semiconductor thyristor
Nominal Voltage	110 VAC / 220 VAC / 230 VAC / 240 VAC / 380 VAC / 400 VAC / 415 VAC / 480 VAC ±10%
Nominal Frequency	50 hz ± 2% or 60 hz ± 2%
Load Level	500% 1 second
Bypass Isolation Transformer	Galvanically Isolated (optional)
Voltage Stabilizer	Servo or Static Controlled with front panel (optional)
Inverter/Bypass transfer time	
Inverter failure	Max. 5 msec.
Overload or manual transfer	0 msec.
Bypass/Inverter transfer time	0 msec.
Efficiency	>99%
Voltage Tolerance	± 10%
SAFETY	
Over Voltage Protection	IEEE 587 4500 A, 110 Joules (standard), 40 kA 1000 joules surge arrestor (optional)
Electrical Interference Reduction	FCC Part 15 Class B
Electrical Standards	EN 50091-1 (Security) / EN 50091-2 (EMC)
Protection Level / Color	IP 20 / RAL7035, available upto IP42
MTBF	100,000 hrs. (w/out battery group)
Enclosure Material	Mild Steel, Zinc-phosphate coated; 100 µm electrostatic paint; 1.5 mm thickness
Panel Lighting	Optional
Cooling	Forced fans with redundant fans (optional natural cooling)
Cable Entry	Bottom (optional top entry)
Distribution	AC and DC available on request
Output Connections	1 Ph 2W, 3 Ph 3W, 3Ph 4 W
Dimensions	Range of options available and vary based on customized configuration
Operating Temperature	-10 / +40 °C
Relative humidity	5 - 90 %
Operating Altitude	Max. 2000 Mt.
Noise Level	Max. 60 db